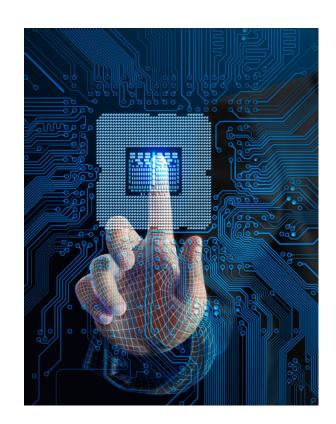


# Dow Silicone Volatility

Presented by Clinton Whiteley January 2017



#### **Defining Silicones**



- Easier to process
- Range of properties
- Less thermally stable

Silicones have properties that combine glass and organic polymers

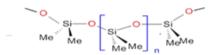
- Thermally stable
- Optically excellent
- Complex to process

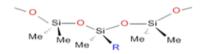
	Acrylic	PU	Ероху	Silicone
Thermal Stability	••		•	•••
Moisture Resistance	•		••	•••
Solvent Resistance	•••	•	•••	••
Adhesion	••	•••	•••	••
Repairable	•••	••	•••	••

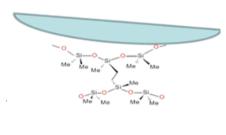




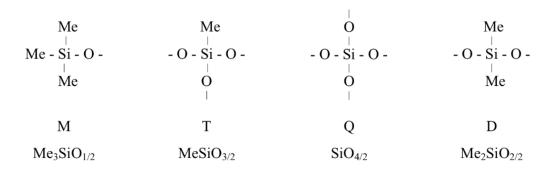
### **Silicones Chemistry**

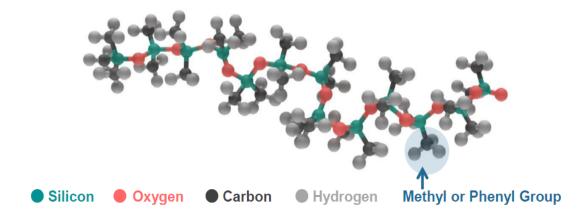












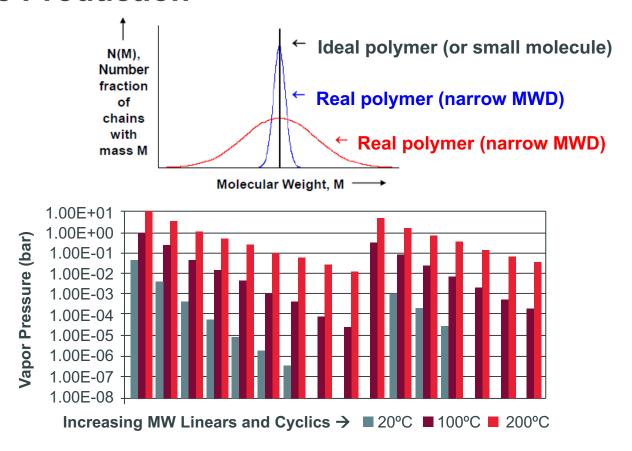


## Silicone Volatiles in High Vacuum

Silicone Volatile Contamination				
Potential Issue	Devices	Contamination Process		
Contact resistance	Relays	Thormal avidation in around		
	Electrical Motors			
	Potentiometers, Switches  Thermal oxidation in arc			
	Remote Controls (Keypads)			
Fogging	CD/DVD player	Chemisorption or Chemical Reaction		
	Lenses in Optical Devices	Condensation		
	Aerospace devices	Atomic Oxygen Degradation		
	Headlamps, Light bulbs	UV degradation		
Poisoning	Sensors and Gas Detectors	Adsorption, chemisorption, chemical reaction		
	Catalytic Oxidation Devices			



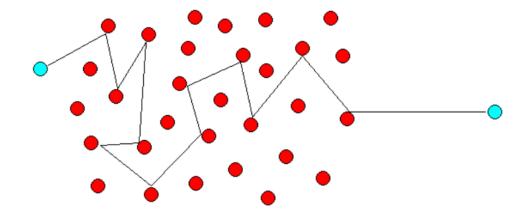
#### Silicone Production



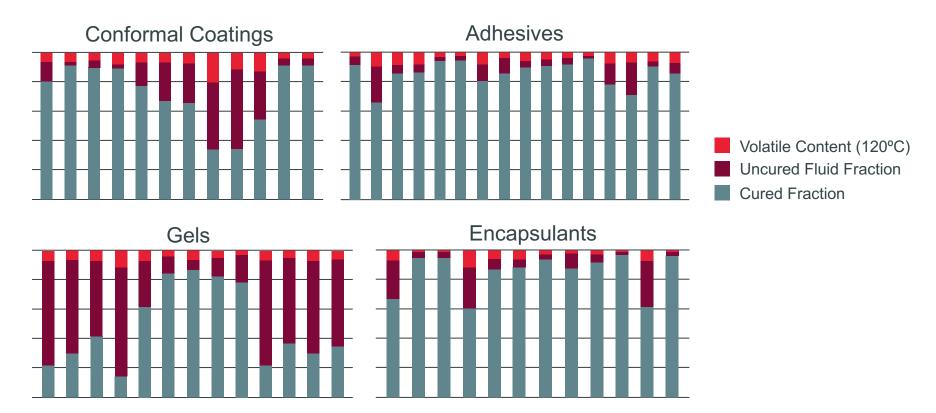


#### **Methods to Reduce Volatile Content**

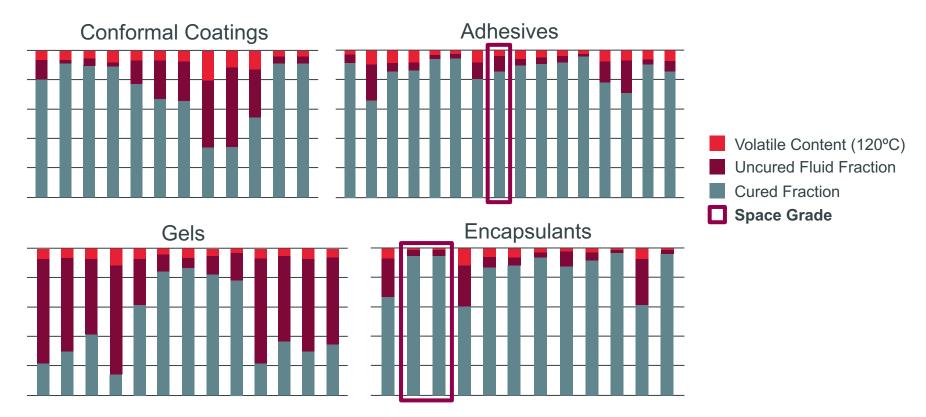
- Strip volatile linears/cyclics out of **polymers** all Silicone manufactures
  - Silicone volatiles are inevitable because of incomplete polymerization and capping
- Strip **fully formulated** material 125°C and 1x10<sup>-6</sup> torr
  - Will evaporate **crosslinker**, **adhesion promoter**, **working time additives**, and any volatile linears/cyclics
- Strip a cured sample 125°C and 1x10<sup>-6</sup> torr
  - Takes up to 1 week to complete depending on final part design
  - Difficult to know when process has completed
- First and third methods proven to produce identical fully cured properties
  - 1"x2"x0.25" sample



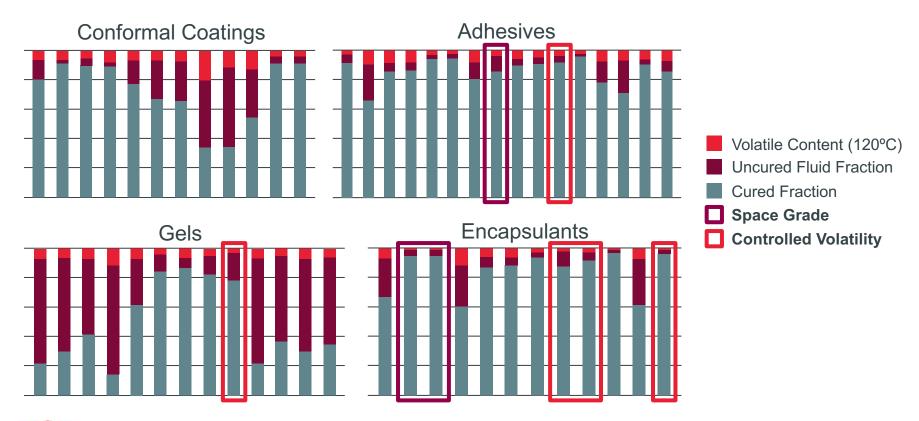




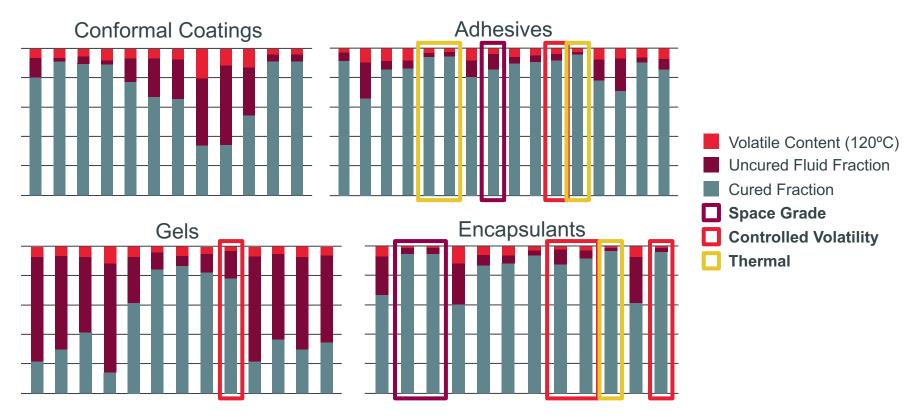




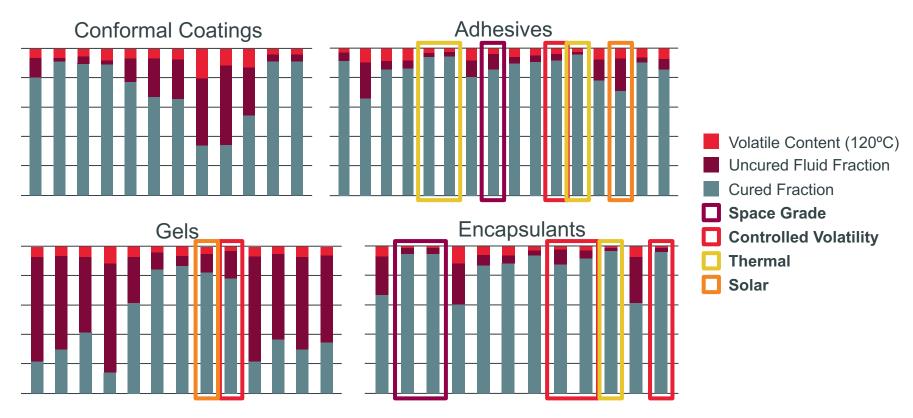














#### **Summary**

- Silicones have advantages properties for extreme environments
  - Thermal stability, UV stability, easy processing, moisture resistance, repairable
- Silicones need special processing to achieve stability in high vacuum
  - Incomplete polymerization and capping
- Can strip the polymers, uncured fully formulated, or fully cured samples
  - Takes time, risk of evaporating important components, can be expensive
- Space grade materials have the lowest volatile content; only high MW
  - Other materials could work in space depending on the application





# 'Thank You

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