

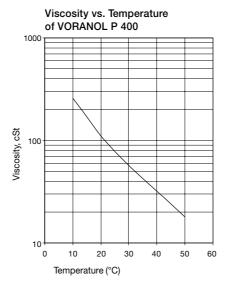
# **VORANOL** P 400

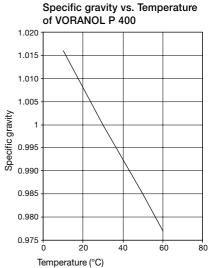
## **Polyol**

## **Description**

VORANOL\* P 400 polyol is a polypropylene glycol, propyleneglycol initiated, 400 molecular weight homopolymer diol.

VORANOL P 400 polyol is a multipurpose short diol, which can be blended with other polyols for the production of two component compact or foamed systems and one component prepolymer based products for coatings, adhesives and sealants with a variety of end uses such as elastomers, adhesives, coatings, and sealants.





Typical Properties	Units	Limits	Test Methods
Appearance / physical state		clear liquid, low visc	cous
Hydroxyl number	mg KOH/g	250-270	ASTM D4274-94d
Water, max.	%	0.080	ASTM E203-96
Acid number, max.	mg KOH/g	0.100	DOWM 100387-TE95A
Colour, max.	APHA	30	ASTM D4890-93
pH (6 H <sub>2</sub> 0 / 10 Isopropanol)		4.5-5.5	AOD-AM-82-031
Viscosity, 25°C	cSt	63-77	ASTM D445-94
Viscosity, 40°C	cSt	28.0-34.0	ASTM D445-94
Viscosity, 25°C	mPa.s	65	ASTM D445-94
Unsaturation, max.	meq/g	0.020	ASTM D4671-93
Potassium & Sodium, max.	ppm	10.0	AOD-S
Average molecular weight		400	
Specific gravity, 25/25°C		1.007	
Flash point, closed cup	°C	195	ASTM D93
CAS # <sup>1</sup>		025322-69-4	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Please consult your Dow representative for more detailed information regarding regulatory status.

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See "Handling and Storage" next page  $\ensuremath{\mathscr{F}}$ 

# **Safety Considerations**

Safety Data Sheet [SDS] for VORANOL\* P 400 polyol is available from The Dow Chemical Company. SDS is provided to help customers satisfy their own handling, safety and disposal needs, and those that may be required by locally applicable health and safety regulations. SDS sheets are updated regularly. Therefore, please request and review the most current SDS before handling or using any product. Copies of the SDS are available on request through your nearest Dow Sales office.

#### **Toxicity and First Aid**

Most VORANOL polyols generally present no significant hazard in use when simple precautions are followed. However, some VORANOL polyols might present some hazards and before working with these products it is necessary to understand the hazards involved. See SDS for specific information. These polyols are commonly used in «urethane» systems that contain other more hazardous materials (e.g. isocyanates, amines). Anyone working with urethane systems must understand all the hazards involved in handling such systems and must establish and follow safe work procedures. Recommendations for handling, storage, and disposal of each formulation ingredients should be obtained from its supplier.

### **Skin and Eyes**

When working with VORANOL polyols, avoid contact of polyol with eyes or skin. Safety glasses are suggested for use with most polyols. However, some VORANOL polyols require that chemical workers' goggles be worn. See the product specific SDS, Section 8. Skin contaminated with polyols should be washed with soap and plenty of water. If polyol contacts eyes, flush with plenty of low-pressure flowing water. If irritation occurs from contact with polyols, get prompt medical attention.

#### Ingestion

If a polyol is swallowed, give large amounts of water to dilute, but never give fluids or induce vomiting if patient is unconscious or is having convulsions. Obtain prompt medical attention.

#### Inhalation

VORANOL polyols when present alone do not present a significant problem from inhalation. If any ill effects should occur, get the affected person to fresh air and obtain prompt medical attention.

## Fire and Explosion

VORANOL polyols are organic materials that will burn under the right conditions of heat and oxygen supply. Store and handle polyols away from open flame or high heat sources. Fires can be extinguished with water fog or other conventional means.

Fire fighters should wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus.

While polyols have no known explosion limits, if heated to decomposition in a confined area, they may generate sufficient volatile gases to be an explosion hazard. Polyols are stable under normal conditions. Materials to avoid are oxidising compounds. Hazardous polymerisation may occur with isocyanates.

## **Spills and Disposal**

The preferred way of disposal is to incinerate under controlled conditions in accordance with all local and national environmental laws and regulations.

#### **Customer Notice**

Dow encourages its customers to review their applications of Dow products from the standpoint of human health and environmental quality. To help ensure that Dow products are not used in ways for which they were not intended or tested, Dow personnel are willing to assist in dealing with ecological and product safety considerations. Your Dow representative can arrange the proper contacts.

NOTICE: The information and data contained herein do not constitute sales specifications. The product properties may be changed without notice. No liability, warranty or guarantee of product performance is created by this document. It is the Buyer's responsibility to determine whether Dow products are appropriate for Buyer's use and to ensure that Buyer's workplace and disposal practices are in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. No freedom from any patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights is granted or to be inferred. (August 2000)



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